AMUSEMENTS.

NATIONAL THEATER.

BRILLIANT OPENING OF THE GRAND OPERA SEASON.
SECOND NIGHT OF A SEASON OF COLY TWELVE NIGHTS and TWO MATINESS OF THE GRAND English Opera Combination.

C. D. HESS & CO., C. RICH NGS BERNARD, Free 78 & Managers. Operatic Directress. THIS (TUESDAY) EVE SING. Only time of Meyerbeer's great work, THE HUGUENOTS, The test opera of grand opera organizations, and one of the few which display to full advantage the

ore of the tew which display to full advantage the someone strength of this remarkable commination, presenting in the following unprecedented cast nearly every principal artist of the company: Valentine. Mrs C. Richings Bernard. Marguerie Mrs C. Richings Bernard. Marguerie Annie Keenp Bowler. First Lady Miss Fannie Goodwin. Raeni Mr. William Gastle. Mr. William Gastle. Mr. Renri Drayton. St. Bris. Mr. S. C. Campbell. De Retz. Mr. Arthur Howell Beis Bose H. Chamerson. He Nater Mr. Dubruil

DOUBLE CHORUSES and GRAND OR-CHESTRA Conductor-Mr. S. BEHRENS.
WEDNESDAY, FRA DIAVOLO; THURSDAY,
FIRELIO; FRIDAY, CROWN DIAMONDS; SATIEDAY MATINER BOHEMIAN GIRL; SATUR-Y NIGHT, OBERON. ENTIRE CHANGE FOR SECOND WEEK. unission. \$1: Gallery. 50c : Reserved Seats, 6 and \$2, to be had at the Box Office from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.
Libratus.—The authorized and correct editions ca
be purchased only at Metzerott's and Eilis's Musi
Stores and inside the Theater.

INCOLN HALL. MISS CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG Will appear in Haydn's popular ORATORIO Of the "CREATION," with the PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.

On SATURDAY EVENING, January 28, 1871. Miss CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG, Soprano. Mr. GEO. SIMPSON, Tenore. Mr. LAWBENCE. Basso. Chorus of One Hundred and Fifty Voices, and the SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA

Of the Orchestral Union. Dect. J. P. CAULFIELD Conductor. Mr. GEO. W. WALTER Pienist. Admission, One Dollar. Reserved Seats. Fifty Cents extra, can be secured at the Ellis music store on and after Wednesday morning, Jan. 25, 1871.

WALL'S OPERA HOUSE. W. M. FOLLAND Lessee and Manager JOSEPH M. ARDLE Business Manager LAST FIVE NIGHTS

EDWIN FORREST! Commencing MONDAY, JANUARY 23, 1871. MONDAY, Jan. 23 JACK CADE

TCESDAY, Jan. 24 ... BICHRLIEU WEENESDAY . Jan 25 JACK CADE FRIDAY, Jan. 27 ... VIRGINIUS Seals can now be secured for any night at Eilis' SATURDAY AFTERNOON AND EVENING

BLFIN STAB, MISS EFFIE JOHNS, will appear. LINCOLN HALL. MISS CLABA LOUISE

KELLOGG Respectfully aunounces one GRAND CONCEST TUESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 24, 1871. Assisted by the World Renowned Planist MR. JAMES M. WEHLI, and the Celebrated Vocalists SIGNOR VARONI, Tenor.

SIGNOR A. BANDOLFI, Baritone. ME. GEO. W. COLBY

Admission, One Dollar. Reserved seats, Fifty cents extra; for sale by diagram at Metzerott & Co's. Music Stere, on and after Saturday, January 21st.

The Grand Fiano used at Miss Kellogg's Concert is from the celebrated Manufactory of Mr. Albert Weber, corner of 5th avenue and 16th street.
THOS. R. TURNBULG.
Business Manager.

MASQUERADE COSTUMES.

Having added largely to my stock of LA-DIES', GENTS' and CHILDREN'S FANCY, COMIC and CHARACTER DEESSES, I would respectfully invite the attention of my friends and the public generally. HARRY DONEHUR.

THE DRESSING OF PRIVATE THEATEL-CALS, CHARADES AND TABLEAUX MADE A SPECIALITY, having new the largest Theatri-cal Wardrobe south of New York. Parlor Scenery and Curtains for rent.

Mr. Donehue's services, together with his Won-derful Child, (comic singer,) can be engaged for Concerts or other entertainments. noil2-eo3m No. 486) ON EXHIBITION (No. 486) 7TH STREET.) MARKRITER'S, So 486 Seventh street, between D and E strets, eight doers above Odd Fellows' Hall.

Choice Oil Paintings, Engravings, Chromos. 2c.
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McCammon, Albany: also, second-hand
Planos, Organs and Melodeous for sale or
rent on the most accommodating terms; Piano and
Organ Tuning and Repairing.

LECTURES.

SCIENTIFIC LECTURES LINCOLN HALL.

WEDNESDAY AND FRIDAY EVENINGS, JAN. 25 AND 27, 1571,

PROF. YOUMANS. Subject: 0023 CORRELATION OF FORCES. T INCOLN HALL.

ANNOUNCEMENT EXTRAORDINARY
The managers of the French Fair take great pleasure in appouncing that
MISS ANNA B. DICKINSON.
"The Queen of the Lyceum Platform," will deliver her new and great Lecture.
JOAN OF ARC.
THURSDAY EVENING, JANUARY 26, 1871.
General admission, 50 cents. Tickets for sale at the Book and Music Stores. Reserved seats 75 cents.

Sale of Reserved Seats will commence at Metzerott & Co. a Music Store, Penn. avenue, between 9th and 10th streets, Wednesday, 9 a. m. sharp. ja21-5t

GEORGE P. GOFF,

MANUFACTURER AND WHOLESALB DEALER IN WOODEN AND WILLOW WARE, GEOCERS SHELF AND STORE FURNITURD AND NOTIONS, BECOMS, BRUSHES, BASKETS. EOFE, CORDAGE, TWINE, NAILS, MATS, BLACKING, MATCHES. WHAPPING PAPER.

ST. TIONERY, &c., &c. BRUSH FACTORY. BRUSHES of every description kept constantly on hand and manufactured to order

AT THE WOOD AND WILLOW WARR DEPOT." 629 D STREET, BETWEEN 6TH AND 7TH. Goods at Northern prices AT WHOLESALE ONLY

102 SIGN OF THE BIG BASKER SWEDISH LEECHES -A fresh supply just re-ceived and for sale by J. B MOOBE, Druggiet. 1934 Pa. avenue, weet.





VOL 37-Nº 5,573.

course that ought to be pursued to restore a tolerably bad case of diseased lungs to healthy soundness. The first and meet important step is for the patient to avoid taking cold, and the best of all places on this continent for this purpose, in winter, is Florida, well down in the State, where the temperature is regular, and not subject to such variations as in more Northern latitudes. Palatka is a point I can recommend. A good hotel is kept there by Peterman Last winter I saw several persons there whose lungs had been badly diseased, but who, under the healing influence of the climate and my medicines, were getting well.

One hundred miles further down the river is a point which I would prefer to Palatka, as the temperature is more even and the air dry and bracing. Mellonville and Enterprise are located there. I should give a decided preference to Mellonville. It is two miles from river or lake, and it seems almost impossible to take cold there. The tables in Florida might be better, and patients complain at times, but that is a good sign, as it indicates a return of appetite, and when this is the case they generally increase in flesh, and then the lungs must heal.

Jacksenville, Hibernia, Green Cove, and many other places in various parts of Florida, can be safely recommended to consumptives in winter. My reasons for saying so are that patients are less leable to take cold there than where there is a less even temperature, and it is not necessary to any that

to take cold there than where there is a less even temperature, and it is not necessary to say that

where a consumptive person exposes himself to frequent colds he is certain to die shortly. Therefore my advice is, go well down into the State—out of the reach of prevailing east winds and fogs. Jackson-ville, or almost any other of the localities I have named, will benefit those who are troubled with a torpid liver, a disordered stomach, deranged bowels, sore throat or cough, but for those whose lungs are diseased a more southern point is earnestly recom-

diseased a more southern point is earnestly recom-

For fifteen years prior to 1869. I was professionally

For lifteen years prior to 1869, I was professionally in New York, Boston, Baltimore and Philadelphia every week, where I saw and examined on an average five hundred patients a week. A practice so excensive—embracing every possible phase of lung disease—has enabled me to understand the disease fully, and hence my caution in regard to taking cold. A person may take vast quantities of "Schenek's Pulmonic Syrup, Seaweed Tonic, and Mandrake Pills," and yet die if he does not avoid taking cold in Florida, nearly everybody is using Schenek's Mandrake Pills, for the climate is more likely to produce billious habits than more Northern latitudes. It is a well-established fact that natives of Florida rarely die of consumption, especially those of the

rarely die of consumption, especially those of the Southern part. On the other hand, in New England, one third, at least, of the population die of this terrible disease. In the Middle States it does not prevai o largely, still there are many thousands of cases there. What a vast percentage of life would be saved if consumptives were as easily alarmed in regard to taking fresh cold as they are about scarlet fever

taking fresh cold as they are about scarlet fever, small pox. &c. But there are not. They take what they term a little cold, which they are credulous enough to believe will wear off in a few days. They

will be sure to have a corpse on his hands before

My plan is to give my three medicines, in accord

My plan is to give my three medicines, in accordance with the printed directions, except in some cases where a freer use of the Mandrake Pills is necessary. My object is to give tone to the stomachtoget up a good appetite. It is always a good sign when a patient begins to grow hungry. I have hopes of such. With a relish for food and the gratification

flesh, which is closely followed by a healing of the iungs. Then the cough loosens and abates, the creeping chills and clanmy night sweats no longer

creeping chilis and clanmy night sweats no longer prostrate and annoy, and the patient gets well-provided he avoids taking cold.

Now there are many consumptives who have not the means to go to Florida. The question may be asked, is there no hope for such? Certainly there is. My advice to such is, and ever has been, to stay in a warm room during the winter, with a temperature of about seventy degrees, which should be kept regularly at that point by means of a thermometer. Let such a patient take his exercise within the limits of the room by walking up and down as much as his strength will permit, in order to keep up a healthy circulation of the blood. I have cured thousands by this system, and can do so again. Consumptions a seasily cured as any other disease, if it is taken in time, and the proper kind of treatment is pursued. The fact stands undisputed on record that Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Mandrake Pills, and Scaweed Tonic have cured very many of what seemed to be hopeless cases of consumption. Go where you will, you will be almost certain to find some poor on-sumptive who has been rescued from the very rive of death by their use.

THESE FACTS DEMAND IMMEDIATE COME IDENATION.—Disease should be guarded against or it must be cured. The alternatives are death or such consequences as render life a burden. Combat the malaria, purify the blood, put the nerves in order, regulate the female system, promote the appetite, banish every sign of dyspepsis or rheumatism, increase the vigor of both body and mind, and relieve the children of summer complaints. All this can only be done with safety, certainty and promptness by Charles Gautier's Bative Wine Bitters, so says repular opinion, endersed by many of the most eminent physicians, who assure us of the complete victory of these over all other Bitters. It has absolutely driven them out of the market where it has been introduced. Gautier's Bative Wine Bitters may be had of all druggists.

THURSTON'S LYCEY PEARL TOOTH.

THUBSTON'S IVORY PEARL TOOTH POW-DER is the best article for cleaning and preserving teeth. Sold by all druggists. Price, 25 and 50 cents.

JOUVEN'S INODOROUS GLOVE CLEANER re-

stores soiled gloves equal to new. Bold by all drug-sists and fancy goods dealers. Price. 25 cents. de5-ly

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IN MY

DOLLAR DEPARTMENT,

THE BEST DOLLAR CORSET

EVER SOLD.

BEFORE OR SINCE THE WAR.

AN EXAMINATION

RESPECTIVLLY SOLICITED.

I still continue to sell my stock at COST, as I desire to have the front part of my store devoted entirely to BOLLAR GOODS before the Carnival.

B. SILVERBERG.

319 SEVENTE STREET.

Rear Pennsylvania avenge,

ja 21-tr

relish comes good blood, and with it me

WASHINGTON, D. C., TUESDAY, JANUARY 24, 1871.

SPECIAL NOTICES. EVENING STAR. Dr. SCHENCK advises Consumptives to go to Florids in Winter. Having for the last thirty-five years devoted my whole time and attention to the study of lung diseases and consumption. I feel that I understand fully the course that ought to be pursued to restore a tolerably bad case of diseased lungs to healthy soundness. The

Washington News and Gossip.

INTERNAL REVENUE .- The receipts to-day from this source were \$227,182.

THE U. S. STEAMER TUSCAROBA, of the North Atlantic squadron, sailed from Key West yesterday for Portsmouth, N. H.

THE PERSIDENT will give his first State dinner this season on Thursday, the 2d proximo. and the second one on Thursday, the 9th. Gov. JEWELL, of Connecticut, and lady ar-

rived here yesterday and are the guests of the

President and Mrs. Grant, at the Executive Mansion. MR. GEORGE W. KING, of Maryland, was today appointed a second-class clerk in the Contract Office of the Post Office Department, vice

F. J. Watts, removed. THE ARCTIC EXPEDITION .- Captain Hall was here yesterday to further arrangements for his Arctict expedition, and has secured the Periwinkie, formally a tugboat, to be fitted for steam as well as for sailing purposes. He will leave in

THE NEW YORK COLLECTORSHIP .- We have the best authority for saying that there is no truth whatever in the statement in a morning cotemporary "that the Secretary of the Treasnry has written to collector Murphy of the New York Custom-house, informing him that his resignation will be accepted."

INCREASED PENSIONS .- The bill passed by he Senate yesterday increasing the payments of all classes of invalid pensions twenty per cent, will necessitate an increased annual expenditure of about five millions of dollars, or twenty-five millions for the five years to which it is limited. The bill is yet to pass the House

NAVAL ORDERS TO-DAY .- Commander Richard L. Law has been ordered to equipment duty at the Philadelphia navy yard. Masters Edward W. Sturdy and Conway H. Arnold have been ordered to the receiving ship at New York. Lieut. Commander Chas. W. Kennedy has been detached from the Pacific fleet and placed on enough to believe will wear off in a few days. They pay no attention to it, and hence it lays the foundation for another and another still, until the lungs are diseased beyond all hope for cure.

My advice to persons whose lungs are affected, even slightly, is to lay in a stock of Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup. Schenck's Seaweed Tonic, and Schenck's Mandrake Pills, and go to Florida. I recommend these particular medicines because I am thoroughly acquainted with their action. I know that where they are used in strict accordance with my directions they will do the work that is required. This accomplished, nature will do the rest. The physician who prescribes for cold, cough or night sweats, and then advises the patient to walk or ride out every day, will be sure to have a corpse on his hands before

THE SOLAR ECLIPSE OF DECEMBER LAST .-Prof. Simon Newcomb, of the Naval Observatery, who went to Gibraltar to make observations of the total eclipse of the sun which oc-curred on the 22d of December, reports to the Navy Department that his observations were very successful, notwithstanding the unfavorable weather at the time.

Nominations To-DAY .- The President sent the following nomination to the Senate to-day: Lelloy Tuttle, to be Assistant Treasurer of the United States; Benj. Devoe, Collector Internal Revenue 26th district of New York; Affairs, Washington Territory: J. M. Trask, agent for Tabequasche Utes, Colorado; Hall, Pension Agent at Brooklyn; J. S. Little. field, agent for Grand River Indians, Colorado. H. W. Fick, Register of the Land Office at Harrison, Arkansas; J. B. Monteith, Indian Agent, Nez Perces agency, Idaho; A. J. Curtis, Indian Agent for Territory of New Mexico.

THE WASHINGTON NATIONAL MONUMENT Society was in session Saturday last, and the following members were present: Vice Presidents, Matthew G. Emery and W. W. Corcorar; Treasurer, Bayard Smith; Secretary, John Car-roll Brent; Henry D. Cook, John M. Brodhead, James M. Carlisle, Wm. B. Todd, Fitzhugh Coyle, John B. Blake, and George Waterston. It is understood that the object of the meeting was specially to consider several propositions for raising money to complete the monument. After mature consideration and discussion the ubject was referred to a committee, consisting of Messrs. Carlisle and Coyle, to be reported on at the regular meeting to be held the 1st Tuesday in next month, and from what we learn we are encouraged to hope that a plan will be adopted that promises to be successful in raising a large amount, if not all of the funds needed

THE SENATE, in executive session yesterday afterneon, confirmed a large number of nominations among them the following Indian Agents: Theophilus D. Griffith, Jas. M. Miller, Charles E. Rodel, Orlando F. Piver, John J. Critchlaw. Samuel D. Webster, Henry Gregory, J. M. Washburn, Henry M. Lavingstone, John Hadley, Hugh Gibson, Charles Maltly, David H. Lowry I. A. Lyon, Charles S. Jones, Wm. H. Forbes. Also, J. J. Hoffman, superintendent of Indian affairs for the Territory of Washington; John Murphy, of New York, to be consul at Payta; Thomas Cordis, collector of internal revenue for Arizona; leaish Hanscom, chief of the bureau of construction and repairs in the navy vice Lenthall; Lieutenant Commanders Rush R Wallace and Chester Hatfield, to be commanders in the navy; Edward K. Ramson, to be chaplain in the navy; William B. Davis, assistant surgeon in the navy; Elijah Laws, Wilson K. Purse and Clark Fisher, to be chief engineers in the navy; also, a number of postmas-ters, receivers of public moneys, &c., &c.

sumptive who has been rescued from the very faw of death by their use. So far as the Mandrake Pills are concerned, avery body should keep a supply of them on hand. They act on the liver better than calomel, and leave none of its hurtful effects behind. In fact they are excellent in all cases where a purgative medicine is required. If you have partaken too freely of fruit and diarrhoea ensues, a dose of the Mandrakes will cure you. It you are subject to sick headache, take a dose of the Mandrakes and they will relieve you in two hours. If you would obviste the effect of a change of water, or the too free includence in truit, take one of the Mandrakes every night or every other night, and you may then drink water and eat watermetons, pears, apples, plums, peaches or corn, without the risk of being made sick by them. They will protect those who live in damp situations against chilfs and fevers. Try them. They are perfectly harmiess. They can do you good only. I have abandoned my professional visits to Boston and New York, but continus to see patients at my office, No. 15 NORTH SIXTH STREET, Philadelphia, every Saturday, from 2 a. m. to 3 p. m. These who wish a thorough examination with the Respirometer will be charged five dollars. The Respirometer declares the exact condition of the lungs, and patients can readily learn whether they are curable or not. But I deslie it distinctly understood that the value of my medicines depends entirely upon their being taken strictly according to directions. In conclusion, I will say that when persons take my medicines and their systems are brought timo a healthy condition thereby, they are not so liable to take cold, yet no one with diseased lungs can bear a sudden change of atmosphere without the liability of greater or less irritation of the bronchial tubes. Full directions in all languages accompany my medicines, so explicit and clear that any one can use them without consulting me, and can be bought from any druggist. J. H. SCHENCK, M. D., Rollender, D., Billadelphia. POPULATION OF UNITED STATES. Census 1870.

The complete returns of the enumeration of the inhabitants of the United States, under the census of 1870, received at the Census Office in this city, foot up as follows:

cmis cut, roac al	wa toll	uns.	
Alabama	996,961	Nebraska	123 (
Arkansas	483,179	Nevada	40 4
California	560,285	New Hampshire	318 5
Contecticu	537.418	New Jersey	905.7
Delaware	125,015	New York	1 264
Florida	187,756	North Carolina,	1 000 4
Georgia1	.200,609	Ohio	2,650
Illinois?	539 638	Oregan	90 0
Indiana1	673 046	Pennsylvania	30,3
lowa	191 300	Rhode Island	2,010,2
Kansas	269 879	South Carolina	700 0
Kentucky	391 001	Toppossoo	125,0
Lonisiana	729 721	Terres	, -20 ,
Louisiana	696 469	Lexas	794,0
Maine Maryland	790,906	Vermont	3.50,
Massachusetta 1	457 951	Virginia	1,224,8
Massachusetts . 1	,401,001	West Virginia.	445,6
Michigan1	,184,296	Wisconsin	1,705,1
Minnesota			
Mississippi		Total38	5,092,6
Missouri1	,115,000		2

DISTRICT AND TERRITORIES Dist. Columbia, 131,706 New Mexico .. 91,852
Arizona ... 9,658 Utah ... 86,786
Colorado ... 39,706 Washington ... 23,901 Dakota 14,181 Wyoming Idaho 14,998 Montana 20,594 Total Total of United States, 38,535,153. Total.....412,500

THE PENNSYLVANIA COAL TRADE .- Theanthracite coal trade continues in much the same condition as at the date of the last weekly notice. The suspension, says the Philadelphia Ledger, is general throughout all the regions except at Shamokin, and though higher prices are demanded, the market is quoted dull. Consumers hold out of the market, believing that there will be an early resumption of work at the mines—some parties having fixed the date at from the 1st to the 10th of February—after which there will be necessarily a decline in the thracite coal trade continues in much the same which there will be necessarily a decline in the price of coal. The stocks at the principal coal centers have not lessened much, if any, within the last forthight. Indeed, it is stated that at Richmond. Pennsylvania, by the closing of navigation, it has increased, and is now nearly or quite 60,000 tons, against about 40,000 tons two weeks ago.

weeks ago. CAPTAIN RANSON B. APBOTT, ferryman at Sullivan ferry, Ct., has arranged an ingenious method of propelling the ferryboat across the river. The river being really an arm of the sea, the tide ebbs and flows with much force. Captain Abbott has stretched a wire rope across the river, the greater part of the way under water. Pulleys are so arranged as to run on the rope, and the boat is made fast to these pulleys at an angle to the rope, and also to the current. A long centre-board is put down, and he force of the tide acting on the boat at an angle drives it rapidly along the rope. The distance is twelve hundred feet, and Captain Abbott often makes the trip in three minutes, without sail or oar. without sail or oar.

NAVAL BATTLE IN THE PACIFIC-Two French NAVAL BATTLE IN THE PACIFIC—Two French Gunboats Sunk.—An encounter took place in the Pacific, about the 20th of December last, between the Prussian frigate Medusa and two small French gunboats, Curiex and Bruiox, resulting in the sinking of both the French vessels. The Curieux carried four brass 12-pounders and the Bruiox two 12-pounders and one 24-pounder, while the Prussian ship was armed with thirteen guns of heavy calibre. Admiral Cione, of the French fleet in the Pacific, thinks that in view of the relative size of the ships it is not to be wendered at that the Freuch gunboats were beaten and sunk.

THE ORDER OF ARRANGEMENTS Made by the Committee on Public Bui dings an Grounds of the Senate and House of Repre-

sentatives for Unveiling the Statue of President Lincoln,

made by Miss Vinnie Ream, to take place in the Rotunda of the Capitol, on Wednesday evening, January 25, at 7% o'clock precisely, will be as follows, viz:

Music by the Marine Band. Unveiling of the statue by Judge Davis, of the Supreme Court, Remarks by Senator Trumbull, Senator Carpenter, Gen. Banks, Senator Patterson, Hon-Mr. Breeks, and Hon. Mr. Cullom. Music by the Marine Band.

The Sergeant-at-Arms, the committee of arrangements, the speakers, the artist, the President of the United States, Vice President Senators, justices of the Supreme Court of the United States, members of the Cabinet, representatives of foreign governments resident at Washington, General of the Army, Admiral of the Navy, and Mayor of the city of Washington, are invited to be present in the Senate chamber at 7 g o'clock, ready to proceed to the retunda at the time appointed.

The Sergeant-at-Arms, the Speaker and members of the House of Representatives are nvited to assemble in the hall of the House of Representatives at 74 o'clock p. m., ready to proceed to the retunda at the time appointed. Seats in the rotunda for Senators and members of the House of Representatives, and other invited guests, will not be reserved after halfpast seven o'clock. Senators and invited guests will be admitted

at the eastern door of the Senate chamber with ladies belonging to their families, who will assemble in the reception room of the Senate.

The Speaker and Members of the House of Representatives will be admitted at the eastern door of the House, with ladies belonging to their families, who will assemble in the room of the Speaker.

The public will be admitted at the east and west central doors of the Capitol immediately after the processions from the Senate and House of Representatives shall have reached Seats will be provided for representatives of

Society.

Snow or sleet, cold winds or slippery sidewalks, after all make very little difference in the number of calls on reception days. From the West End to the Navy Yard carriages were ploughing through the snow yesterday. At the latter, the ladies were all receiving except Mrs Goldsborough, and at the Marine Barracks Mrs. Zeilin and her daughters received, as well as the ladies whose husbands are stationed at the Centre House. The wife and daughter of Gen. Dunn, and the wife of Judge Field, and the sister of the latter received in their handsome houses, reconstructed from the Old Capitol buildng. The wives of all the Judges of the Su preme Court had full receptions. Miss Swavne has two young ladies staying with her, Miss Chandler, of Boston, and Miss Annie Dennison, of Ohio, one of the youngest daughters of th ex-Postmaster General. Mrs. Admiral Porter had a dancing reception during the afternoon. he was assisted in receiving by Mrs. Admiral Hoff and Miss Lizzie Porter.

- Madame Catacazy's reception was also attended, as her receptions are always, by many distinguished persons. She was dressed in a style most becoming to her type of beauty, wearing a black velvet trained dress, trimmed with black lace, high corsage, with collar of point lace, pearls about her throat, and her rich golden hair fell in two long braids tied with ribbon. Refreshments were offered all who called. Among the throng that graced the occasion in addition to a great number of prom-ment foreigners, attaches of the different lega-tions, were Mr. and Mrs. Senator Sherman, of Ohio; Mr. and Mrs. Clark Mills and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Astor Bristed, Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Wheeler, Mrs. Hugh Birkhead Hon. M. C. Kerr and wife, of Indiana; Mr. and Mrs. B. T. Biggs, Hon. C. Delano and lady, Mr. and Mrs. John S. Delano, Rev. J. C. Ames and lady, G. C. Wharton, of Kentucky: Hon. B H. Bristow and lady, Senor Roberts and lady, F. S. Winston and Miss McCurdy, of New York Hon. E. C. Ingersoll and lady, Mr. and Mrs. S M. Johnson, and a great many whose names can not now be recalled. Mr. Kahler, a distinguished Russian gentleman, and Lieutenant A. Roumiantzoff, of the Russian navy, who have ust arrived in this country, were also present and assisted in entertaining the company.

- Between Mrs Riggs evening reception and that of the Postmaster General and Mrs. Cres well, the party-goers were divided last night, but, generally speaking, those who went first to the one went afterwards to the other. Both receptions were much enjoyed. Mrs. Creswell was assisted in receiving by her sister, Miss McIntyre, and her husband's sister, Mrs. Tayor. Dancing was one of the features of the evening, and refreshments were ready in the lining-room for guests whenever they were at leisure to partake of them. Among the distinguished callers were observed the following:

President Grant and Miss Stewart, Secretary Fish and Miss Rall, Secretary Boutwell and wife, Secretary Delano and wife, Mr. John Delano and wife. Attorney General Akerman, Minister Thornton and lady, Sir John Rose, of Canada; Swedish Minister, Columbian Minister, Minister of the Argentine Republic, Sen-ator Lewis and Miss Whitehead, Senator Chand-ler, wife and daughter, Senator Pomeroy and ladies, Senator Sherman and wife, Senators Abbott and Sawyer, Senator Cole and wife, Gen. Schenck and daughters, Gen. Sherman. daughter and friend, Miss Swayne and Miss Chandler, Miss Pauline Johnson, and many

back has been the German of this evening, to he given by the young gentlemen of the city to the ladies. It will take place at Marini's Hall, and will doubtless be very agreeable.

-Mr. and Mrs. Fernando Wood will have a reception this evening in their elegant home. - To-morrow Miss Schenck has a dancing reception from 3 until 8 p. m. In the evening Admiral and Mrs. Goldsborough will give a arge party at their residence, at the Navy

For Thursday evening the wife and daugh-ter of Judge Bradley have issued cards, and Sir Edward and Lady Thornton will have their second reception. — On Friday evening Speaker Blaine and his wife, and Secretary and Mrs. Fish again re-ceive. Mrs. Fish has been absent from the city visiting her daughter, Mrs. Benjamin, at Fort-

ress Monroe, who has an infant son. -Mrs. General John C. Cox assisted by her daughters mis. Rowland Cox and Miss Cox, received her friends to-day. Among the crowd

were many distinguished guests. — Our Society says:—Mrs. B. Holladay, and Miss Holladay, her beautiful and accomplished daughter, have left their residence in Westchester county, and repaired to their Washington mansion on H street. These two ladies will add greatly to the life and attractions of Washington and their washington and their anterior will dentity the street of their anterior will dentity their anterior will dentity their anterior will dentity their anterior will dentity their anterior will be street or will be s ton society, and their entertainments will doubt-less be among the most enjoyable given at the capital during the gay season. The Count and Countess de Pourtales, son-in-law and daughter of Mrs. Holladay, will share her hospitality during the winter.

RAILROAD NEGOTIATIONS ON A GRAND SCALE.—It is stated that the negotiations be-tween the Pennsylvanian Central and the New Jersey Companies, for the lease of the New Jersey roads, are proceeding as rapidly as could be expected in so large an operation. The Pennsylvania Central offered, for the Camden Pennsylvania Central offered, for the Camden and Amboy and New Jereey roads, and other property belonging to the united companies of New Jersey, a rental of ten per cent. per annum on the stock, clear, for 999 years. This is what was paid by the Pennsylvania Central to the Chicago and Fort Wayne, an operation on which the lessees made last year one million of dollars over rent and expenses. If this lease is effected, and Pennsylvania capitalists also obtain the privilege of constructing a road from Alexandria to Richmond, and effect the lease of the Union Pacific, as it is said the Pennsylvania Central now proposes, we shall have a giant corporation and ing from New York to Philadelphia, to Washington, to Richmond, and eventually to Mobile and New Orleans, while in the West it will extend from New York to Chicago, to San Francisco, with lateral branches to St. Louis, and from there into the heart of Texas.

during the winter.

EXTENSIVE SNOW STORM .- The snow storm of vesterday and Sunday night extended throughout Maryland, Pennsylvania, New York and other States north and northwest. In Philadelphia snew fell for about twelve hours, but not heavily enough to seriously impede business. In New York the storm was accompanied with intense cold. The Hudson river was again frozen over from Poughkeepsie to Peekskill.

BLOIS is still in the possession of the Prussians, and, according to the latest accounts, the population is reduced to the last extremity of distress by requisitions, which the inhabitants are utterly unable to meet. A letter says that the German soldiers go so far as to stop people in the streets and take off their shoes.

FORTY-FIRST CONGRESS. This Afternoon's Proceedings.

TURSDAY, January 24. SENATE .- The bill providing for a

PERRITORIAL GOVERNMENT FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, with the House amendments, was laid before the Senate.

Mr. Patterson moved that a committee of conference be asked for. Mr. Harlan had received information that the Boards of Aldermen and Common Council of Washington had passed resolutions remonstrating against the passage of the bill, and on account of this action he thought it best that the bill should go to the Committee on the District ot Columbia.

adjournment, and there was time enough to perfect the bill. There were amendments which it would be proper to make, which would, probably, not be considered in a conference com-Mr. Patterson said his only objection to ref-

Mr. Pomeroy said it was a month before the

ence was, that the bill might possibly be lost, and this was what was feared by its friends. He thought the conference committee would be able to consider all the amendments, so as to make the bill acceptable to Senators, who might suggest to the committee the amendments which they desired.

Mr. Wilson said this bill involved MANY IMPORTANT PRINCIPLES, and should be referred. He was opposed to this

committing of important matters to conference committees. Mr. Hamlin regarded this bill as an experiment, but thought it would be A SUCCESSFUL EXPERIMENT.

He was satisfied that if it was referred it would be lost; and if it was desirable to pass the bill, it should go to the Committee of Conference.

Mr. Stewart said the two Houses of Congress had not the time to sit here as a board of supervisors or common council for the District of Columbia. In consequence of

THE CONFLICTING JURISDICTIONS HERE. and remnants of old Maryland law, Congress i constantly called in to do patch-work. But it these various governments are consolidated under one general law, there will be much less difficulty. The particular feature in this House bill, providing that the governor and council shall be appointed by the President—which meets with the most opposition—was the most particular one that met his approval. He thought it would be wise and salutary. He hoped the bill would be referred to a conference

Mr. Morrill, of Vermont, although in favor of a territorial government for the District, was opposed to this bill, one of the provisions is, that the property of the general government shall be assessed for taxation. This was a very important matter, and too important to go to a Committee of Conference. Mr. Thurman favored a form of territorial

government for the District, and thought the House bill was in some respects a very proper measure, but he saw no necessity for giving the appointment of the Governor to the President. But there was one amendment which in desired to offer; that was to secure MINORITY REPRESENTATION.

He thought this was one of the greatest princiing for the repr sentatives of the 22 legislative districts, the minority of the people shall be represented, and it was his intention to vote for such reference of this bill as would best secure that object. Mr. Morton was in favor of a territorial government, but wished this bill considered carefully by a committee of this body.

Mr. Summer advocated the reference of the bill to the Committee on the District of Columbia. He thought that the interests of that class who had lately been entrusted with the elective franchise should be considered. This bill made that right a very limited one indeed. And the great subject of public instruction was a very important one. He wanted the child equal before the law just as the man. Mr. Carpenter was in favor of a territorial government also; but he would never vote for a bill that gave to the President the power to appoint one-balf of the Legislature, as he consid

Mr. Edmunds alluded to the necessity for some reorganization of the government of the District. He spoke of one of the great nuisances of the city of Washington, being THE RUNNING AT LARGE OF CATTLE AND HOGS. which roamed at will in the streets of the city. If a shade tree was put up, these animals pulled it down, and then Congress was asked to appro-

ened that a departure from republican princi-

priate money to put up another. The Board of Health of this city had passed an order to put a stop to this, when immediately the Councils abolished the Board of Health because they were interfering with the voters. This proision, of which the Senator from Wisconsin Mr. Carpenter) complained, was republican enough for him. One of the greatest reasons advanced by our Western friends for A REMOVAL OF THE CAPITAL would be the want of cleanliness and beauty in

a city which should be one of the most beautiful in the world; and if these nuisances of cows and hogs and goats could not be abated, and the city made comfortable for those who were compelled to live here, he did not know but he would go with them. Mr. Carpenter did not know that members of Congress were THE ONLY DECENT PEOPLE.

or the only ones who could keep things decent.
He thought if the people of the District had the opportunity they could manage things just as well as Congress.

Mr. Stewart said because the suffrage had been recently extended, that was no reason why

a change of government should not be made if it was for the best interests of the people. He believed that the greatest danger to the future welfare of this country would come from the corruption in the large cities. After some additional discussion the question was taken on a motion to refer to the Committee on the District of Columbia, which was rejected-ayes 25, nays 32.

The motion of Mr. Patterson to ask for

A COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE was then concurred in, and the Vice President appointed as the committee for the Senate Messrs. Patterson, Hamlin and Thurman.

The Vice President presented

THE CREDENTIALS OF F. P. BLAIR, elected as Senator from Missouri for the term ending March 4, 1873, which were read and laid on the table. Mr. Pomeroy presented a memorial of citizens

of the District of Columbia asking the incorporation of a clause conferring FENALE SUFFRAGE in the District Territorial bill, which was laid

on the table.

Mr. Morrill, of Vermont, from the Joint Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds, remittee on Public Buildings and Grounds, reported the order of arrangements for the UNVEILING OF THE STATUE of the late President Lincoln by Miss Vinnie Ream, in the retunda of the Capitol on Wed-

nesday evening, the 25th inst.

Mr. Scott introduced joint resolution appropriating \$10,000 of the select committee to investigate the alleged outrages in the South, which was passed.

Mr. Morton said, in reference to the views

expressed yesterday by the Senator from Dela-ware, concering the resolution offered by him authorizing the special committee on the South to sit during the sessions of the Senate, he would consent that the vote on the passage of that reso-lution be reconsidered. lution be reconsidered. The vote was accordingly reconsidered, and the resolution then laid on the table.

Mr. Johnston introduced bill to aid in the construction of the Atlantic and Great Western Canal. Referred to Committee on Public Lands.

Mr. Sherman, from Finance Committee, reported with amendments House joint resolution declaratory of the meaning of 26th section of the act of July 14, 1870, TO REDUCE INTERNAL TAXES.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES .- Mr. Buckley (Ala.) introduced a bill in relation to the district courts of Alabama. Referred to the

the district courts of Alabama. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Coburn (Ind.) introduced a bill to regulate the diplomatic service. Referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

Mr. Orth (Ind.) rising to

A PERSONAL EXPLANATION, had read from the Globe the remarks of Mr. Cox, (of New York,) on the 10th of January, charging that there was an addenda to the treaty which had not been furnished with the treaty, &c.

treaty, &c.

Mr. Orth said he should not have said anything further about it had the gentleman not repeated his charge ten days after, asserting that the disclosure was made to him by a man upon his deathbed.

Mr. Orth said that he had satisfied himself that the party alluded to was a Dr. Davis, who had formerly been employed in the State Department, but who, for reasons best known to his friends, had been permitted to resign. He had the assurance of live witnesses that the treaty was not copied by Dr. Davis, but by another clerk, who had assured him personally that there was no addenda omitted from the copy of the treaty which was sent to the Senate. He had been to the Department and satisfied himself that there was no such addenda, and

TWO CENTS.

he had also asked the Seretary of State to write him a letter, which was read, in which the Secretary denies that there was any such omis-

Mr. Cox (N. Y.) defended his course, and argued that the refusal of the President and Secretary of State to respond to the resolution drawn up by him and introduced by Mr. Mungen, under a call of States, in March last, showed by implication the existence of some such franchise. He believed then that these papers were in the State Department, and he still beheved that such papers had been in the Department. He had not asserted that the copy of the treaty sent to the Senate was made by his friend.

The House, in the morning hour, resumed consideration of the bill reported last week by Mr. Van Horn, from the Committee on Indian Affairs, to establish A GOVERNMENT FOR THE INDIANS.

Mr. Voorhees (Ind.) addressed the House in favor of the speedy adoption of some measure which would more certainly secure the Indians in their rights, and he would aid the matter by all means in his power. He thought the Indians should have a representation on this floor, and would gladly welcome one to Congress, and was certain there would be no objection on account

Mr. Armstrong (Pa.) said it was his purpose to push the bill to a vote, but after consultation be had determined to move its recommittal, in order that the views of the Indian Committee and the Committee on Territories might be harmonized. He moved to recommit, with power to report back at any time after February 2d.

After a good deal of discussion whether the bill should hereafter be reported in the morning hour or not, the motion of Mr. Armstrong was agreed to, and the bill was recommitted. Mr. Logan, (Ill.,) from the Committee on Military Affairs, reported a resolution to amend a resolution in relation to

AFFAIRS AT WEST POINT. by providing that instead of sending for persons and papers, a sub-committee shall be authorized to visit West Point and there make the investigation. Agreed to.

Mr. Swann (Md.) presented the memorial of Chas. F. Martorana, praying for a return of duties paid at the Baltimore custom house. Referred to Committee of Ways and Means. Mr. Asper. (Mo.,) from Committee on Military Affairs, reported a bill repeal to the section of the bill for THE REDUCTION OF THE ARMY which provides for the detail of officers as pro

fessors in colleges. Mr. Garfield hoped no action would be taken, as the colleges who had the advantages of these professors were loth to part with them, and requested that no action would be taken. Mr. Asper withdrew the bill.

Mr. Asper, from same committee, reported a bill to appoint three commissioners to adjust and settle the claims of the State of Kansas for expenses incurred in calling out troops. Passed Also, reported a bill for the sale of a portion of the Fort Leavenworth reservation. Passed. Mr. Stoughton, (Mich.,) from same commit-tee, reported a bill granting bounty land to 90 day soldiers in the late rebellion, under the bomestead act.

the committee expired, and the bill went over. Mr. Young (Ga.) presented the credentials of Hon. S. A. Corker, Representative elect from the 5th Georgia district, and asked that he be sworn in. Mr. Butler (Mas

Pending consideration, the hour allotted to

the memorial of Mr. Beard, who CONTESTS THE SEAT He asked an opportunity to state his objection. Mr. Young was willing to give him 30 minutes for that purpose.

Mr. Brooks (N. Y.) enjoined whether the cre-

dentials were in proper form.

Mr. Young replied that they were in the same form as those upon which other Georgia members were admitted. Mr. Brooks then inquired whether it was in order to discuss the question, and whether the credentials did not authorize the person holding them to be sworn in.

majority of the House to determine. Mr. Brooks suggested that the credentials amounted to nothing then. The Speaker replied that depended on a maorny of the House. Mr. Randall (Pa) suggested that it deended more on the politics of the man holding

ous for the widest discussion, as they did not fear the result. Mr. Butler said the reasons for his objection were contained in the memorial of the contest-ant, Mr. Beard, which he would send up and have read. The memorial was read, and related crimes at the polls, intimidation, acrest of judges of election, &c., as the reason why Corker was elected and Beard was deteated. Mr. Butler then proceeded to aurge that Corker should not be admitted on account of these out-

the crecentials.

The debate was in progress when our report

Rank in the Navy.

The following are the provisions of the bill egulating rank in the navy, which passed the House of Representatives yesterday It fixes the medical corps on the active list as follows:-15 medical directors, with the rank of captain; 15 medical inspectors, with rank of commander; 50 surgeons, with the rank of lieutenant commander. All to have the present pay and emoluments of surgeons in the navy. 100 assistant surgeons, with the rank of master, and with the pay and emoluments of assistant

surgeons. It fixes the pay corps on the active list as follows:-13 pay directors, with rank of captain; 13 pay inspectors, with rank of commander; 50 paymasters, with rank of lieutenant commander. All to have the present pay and emoluments of paymasters. 30 passed assistant paymasters, with rank of lieutenant; 20 assistant paymasters, with rank of master.

It fixes the engineer corps on the active list as follows:-10 chief engineers, with rank of captain; 15 chief engineers, with rank of commander; 25 chief engineers, with rank of lieu-tenant commander; all to have the present pay and emoluments of chief engineers; 100 first assistant engineers, with the rank of lieutenant; 100 second assistant engineers, with rank of master; 2 naval constructors, with rank of captain; 3 naval constructors, with rank of commander; 3 naval constructors, with rank of lieutenant commander; 4 naval constructors, with rank of lieutenant; 4 chaplains, with rank of captain; 7 chaplains, with rank of commander; chaplains, with rank of lieutenant comman-der; 3 professors of mathematics, with rank of captain; 4 with rank of commander: 4 with rank of lieutenant commander; 2 civil engineers, with rank of captain; 2 with rank of comman der; 4 with rank of heutenant commander. The secretary to the admiral is to have the rank of captain; to the vice admiral, the rank of commander, and the secretaries to rear admirals and to commodores commanding squadrons, the

rank of lieutenant commanders.

LOCKING UP GOVERNMENT SECURITIES - Con templated Prosecution of Bank Officers. - The practice known in financial circles as "locking up" money, prevails to a considerable extent among the banks of this city. It consists of keeping bonds and other securities in trust, and of withbonds and other securities in trust, and of with-holding them from public circulation, frequent-ly causing inconvenience and sometimes a panic in the money market. By a Congressional act, passed on the 19th of February, 1869, the "lock-ing up" of United States notes in national banks, either as security or collateral security for any loan of money, is made a criminal offence, and is punishable by fine or imprisonment, or by both, The attention of the Federal authorities has re-cently been directed to this practice on the part cently been directed to this practice on the part of certain banks, and it was proposed to arrest and procecute the bank officers in the United States Court, with a view to checking it. As

Children have been so "crammed" with study in the Troy schools, that physicians have found it their duty to interpose and prescribe, not drugs, but fewer lessons. A shell lately burst through into a room near Rosny where eight people were seated at dinner, and killed six of them and wounded the other two.

favorites with London belles. They are made of bright crimson, and trummed with white eatin. They must be very bright and pretty on the skating pends, and abominably "loud" anywhere else.

This Afternoon's Dispatches.

WAR IN EUROPE. Telegraphed Buchusively to The Evening Stor. BOUGH ON THE PARISIAN ABSENTEES. LONDON, 23 .- (Special to New York Herald) .-A decree of the government has just been issued which will startle those who sought safety out

TELEGRAMS TO THE STAR.

of Paris. The privacy of their houses left behand is about to be violated by authorized plunderers; their cellars sacked of wine, wood and coal, and their storerooms invaded and their contents delivered over to fill the empty public stomach and replenish the public coal scuttle. A small grain of comfort remains for absent householders.

THE EUROPEAN CONFERENCE. London, Jan. 23, 6,30 p. m.—Several pienipe-tentiaries to the Conference on the Eastern Question have been instructed not to allow themselves to be drawn into the discussion of any questions foreign to that question.

Hon. F. T. Frelinghuysen Elected U S. Senator from New Jersey.

TRENTOS, Jan. 24 .- In a democratic caucus this morning, Gov. Randolph received the nomination for United States Senator. N. J. Perry, of Newark, and Jacob Vanatta, of Morristown each received one vote. TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 24 - Both houses of the

vote of 42 against 32 for Gov. Randolph. Six members of the House and one Senator were absent. Dominion Finances.

hand January 1st, \$131,951; receipts for the year ending December 31st, 1870, \$2,495,820; expe-The Snow Storm at the North.

time, and the Southern mail is one hour late.

Billiards in 'Frisco. SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 23. - Arrangements have been completed for three match games of billiards between Joseph Dion and A. P. Rudolphe, for \$1,000 aside each, to be played here

soon, and Dion to allow Radelphe \$200 to cover the expenses of his trip.
Winter rains are falling throughout the State. Steamboats Burned.

Ramsay, of La Crosse, were burned on Saturday at Ramsay's landing. Loss about \$39,000. The fire is believed to have been the work of an

incendiary. Child Barned to Death. CINCINNATI, OBIO, Jan. 23.—The dwelling house of Henry Brodis, near Plainville, was burned on Saturday, and a child was burned to death. Nothing as to be found after the fire but the charred pales.

Found Dead.

away. He was insane. On Top of Mount Washington.

ty, I mile per hour. A Coal Pit on Fire for 100 Years.

nection with coal mining is exhibited at the Bank Colliery, near Rotherham, the property the time, and all the efforts of the workmen at the time, and subsequently, have been quite ineffectual to extinguish it. A short time ago it was ascertained that the flames were approaching the bottom of the shaft, and it was then resoived, if possible, to stay their progress, so that they might not extend to other parts of the workings. At length the Superintendent of the collieries, Mr. T. Gooper, conceived the idea of building a wall to shut in the tire, and in order to ascertain the best site for this wall, several of the officials crept on their hands and knees. through the dense stilling smoke, as far as possible into the workings. Their efforts were successful, and a wall is now completed nearly 1,000 yards in length, and varying from 9 inches to 5 feet in thickness. At distances varying from 30 to 50 yards metal pipes have been inserted in this wall, which are securely plugged at the end, so that at any time, by removing the plugs, the state of the air on the side of the fire, and even the position of the fire itself, can be ascertained. So intense is the heat arising from this fire that people possessing gardens above the colliery declare that the growth of plants is materially affected, and that they are enabled to obtain two and three crops every

THE NEW YORK DOUBLE MARRIAGE-COM the Bigamist, Still Missing .- The New York World in teferring to this remarkably case of bigamy, noticed in THE STAR, says that the story has "produced a profound sensation in the extensive circles of acquaintances of Mr. Calvin R. Cross. the principal actor in the drama which may already have proved a tragedy. The utmost astonishment was expressed by the friends of the young man and his fanily, his business acquaintances, and his employers. No tidings of his whereabouts or his fate have been received. He may be either in this city or its neighbor bood. or, as many of his friends appear to think, he may have taken passage on a steamer for Europe. All, however, is surmise It is said that Miss Emma Luckey, or Mrs. Cal vin R. Cross the second, is living in retirement in Brooklyn. She is said to be worth about \$100,000 in her own right, and to be related to the very wealthy Livingston family. It appears that Cross came to this city from Khode Island when he was but eighteen years of age. It is asserted that the present is the sixth marriage engagement he has made since he was married to his first wife. After his arrival in this city he went to board in Union Square, and it was here, two or three years subsequently, that he became acquainted with his first wife-then Miss Calvin, of Baston. He was then employed by the dry goods arm of H. D. Campbell & Co.

EF Four thousand servant girls are out of work in Chicago.

Nork ultra-fashionables as a reception night. The school-religious question is agitating the St. Louis public. or Mr. Guntz, of Fremont, Ill., left a little

ALEXANDRIA.

Restaurant. The fire department prevented the spread of the flames beyond the building in which they originated. The house was insured for \$400 with G. K. Witmer & Co., and the contents for \$600 with Geo. Wise & Go. The light seen south of the city on Sunday night last was caused by the burning of a barn near Marshall

The attention of the Federal authorities has recently been directed to this practice on the part of certain banks, and it was proposed to arrest and procecute the bank officers in the United States Court, with a view to checking it. As yet, however, it has been found impossible to obtain the evidence necessary to convict any bank officer, as no one is willing to make an aidavit. The punishment provided by statute for the offense is imprisonment for not less than it vegars nor not more than ten years; in addition to which a fine is imposed of not over \$1,000, and a sum forfeited by the bank equal to one-third of the money loaned on the Government securities which are "locked up."—N. Y. Times, 21st.

So History repeats itself, and William, Emperor of Germany, in his turn, proclaims—"L'Empire c'est la pais."

The opening of these schools will complete the of that school will be reopened next Monday. The district boards of Arlugeduction only. The districts, in the county, are also diligently employed in organizing their system, and schools were expected to be opened at Ball's Cross Roads and Columbia school bouse, in the former district, this morning.

Public Schools.—The female department of Eustis School was opened to-day in the old Eustis School was ope

PROPERTY SALES.—Twenty acres of land with a dwelling house thereon, situated on the Little River turnpike, a little beyond Padgett's toll gate, belonging to the estate of the late John H. Taylor, was sold on Saturday last at Catts' tavern, West End, to Mr. Rose D. Catts, for \$2,659. At the same time and place a house and lot just this side of Padgett's toll gate, belonging to the estate of the late James Coxen, was sold to Mr. R. F. Roberts, for \$405. The cottage dwelling house on South Washington street, the property of Miss Margaret A. Wright, has been sold to Mr. C. G. Brown, for \$2,500.

Mr. Frank Sherman, Sheriff of Fairfay

where else.

Mr. Frank Shekaw, Sheriff of Fairfax county, has tendered his resignation, assigning as a reason his unwillingness to hold an office in their husbands when they want to "just step down to the postoffice" of an evening.

Mr. Frank Shekaw, Sheriff of Fairfax county, has tendered his resignation, assigning as a reason his unwillingness to hold an office in the discharge of the duties of which he may have to execute the orders of court inflicting stripes on persons convicted of petty larceny.—

Gazette of last evening.

legislature this morning elected Frederick I. Frelinghuysen United States Senator, by a joint

TORONTO, Jan. 24 .- The following statement has been prepared by the Freasurer of O stario, for submission to the Legislature:—Balance on

New York, Jan. 24 .- The mails have been much retarded by the heavy snow storm. The Eric mails are late; the Hudson mails have not arrived; the Boston mails are two hours behind

MILWATKIE, WIS., Jan 23 .- A La Crosse dis patch of to-day says: The steamboats Chip-pewa and Johnny Schmoker, owned by H. S.

Boston, Jan. 23 .- The dead body found in

Stamit, Mount Washington, Jan. 23.— Barometer, 23.51; thermometer, 1 degree below zero; relative humidity, 57; wind, north; veloci-

One of the most curious phenomena in con

The Speaker said that was a matter for the Mr. Ferry said he and his friends were anx-

Upon the organization of the Central Bank he took a position as check clerk, and was soon after promoted to the position of bookkeeper."

Orleans for \$200 per sing. "Nilsson ice cream candy" is a Chicago

dancing party and shot himself dead. That was a "dance of blood."

FIRES.—The alarm of tire Saturday night was caused by the burning of some rags, the curtain and a window frame in a house on the west side of Water street, between Prince and Dake, occupied by Mr. Hiram Webster. The alarm last night was caused by the total destruction of the framed building on the southeast corner of Duke and Henry streets, belonging to Mr. William Gregory, but occupied by Messrs. Horseman & Wall, and known as the Railroad Restaurant.

Quincy recently, creating suspicion of murder and robbery, proves to be that of James Ven-novar, a resident of Chelsea, who had wandered